# Year 4 - Autumn Term 2: Rotten Romans

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Key Driver: Sticky Knowledge – Roman Britain	Secondary Drivers: DT: Roman Shield	<b>PE:</b> Real PE sessions – social
I know how the Romans invaded Britain.	Design a Roman shield, choosing appropriate materials.	Music: Roman film music
I can explain what a Roman solider wore and why.	Make a roman shield out of the materials chosen. Must be similar to their design.	MFL: Classroom instructions
I know how Roman armies invaded and battled.	nvaded and	Likes and dislikes – colours and animals
ESCAPE FROM POMPEII)  CHRISTINA BALIT		Computing: Recording - Podcasts
		<b>RE:</b> Why do some people think that life is a journey and what significant experiences mark this?
I can use an atlas to label Roman roads.		
I know key facts about Mount Vesuvius	Evaluate their Roman shield.	PSHE:

I can name the different rooms in the Roman baths and explain what they were like.

and Pompeii.

Design and create a Roman clay pot.

Learning about similarities and differences.

# Year 4: Electricity Knowledge and Skills Mat

#### **Subject Specific Vocabulary** Electricity The flow of an electric current through a material, e.g. from a power source through wires to an appliance. Generate To make or produce. Renewable A source of electricity that will not run out. These include solar, nuclear, geothermal, hydro and wind. This source of energy will eventually run out Nonand so will no longer be able to be used to renewable make electricity. These include fossil fuels coal, oil and natural gas. A piece of equipment or a device designed **Appliances** to perform a parricular job, such as a washing machine or mobile phone. Battery A device that stores electrical energy as a chemical. Circuit A pathway that electricity can flow around. It includes wires and a power supply and may include bulbs, switches or buzzers.

## **Sticky Knowledge about Electricity**

Lightning and static electricity are examples of electricity occurring naturally but for us to use electricity to power appliances, we need to make it.

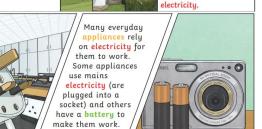


Coal, oil
and natural gases are
fossil fuels which, when
burnt, produce heat
which can be used to
generate electricity.





that is converted into



A conductor of electricity is a material that will allow electricity to flow through it. Metals are good conductors. Materials that are electrical insulators do not allow electricity to flow through them. Wood, plastic and glass are





# Main scientific skill taught in this topic

Report findings from enquiries, displays and presentations.

### **Objectives**

- ldentify common appliances that run on electricity.
- Construct a simple series electrical circuit identifying and naming the basic parts of a simple electrical circuit, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers.
- Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery.
- Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit.
- Recognise some common conductors and insulators.



only flow around a complete circuit that has no gaps. There must be wires connected to both the positive and negative end of the power supply/battery.

Switches can be used to open or close a circuit. When off, a switch 'breaks' the circuit to stop the flow of electricity. When on, a switch 'completes' the circuit and allows the electricity to flow.

